

**VIDYA BHAVAN, BALIKA VIDYAPEETH**  
**SHAKTI UTTHAN ASHRAM, LAKHISARAI, PIN:-811311**

**SUBJECT:-** CIVICS

**CLASS:-**IXTH

**DATE:**05/10/XX

**SUBJECT TEACHER:- MR. NEEL NIRANJAN**

**CHAPTER 4. (ELECTORAL POLITICS) (BASED ON NCERT PATTERN)**

**Question 1.** What are the minimum conditions needed for a democratic election?

**Solution:** There are five minimum conditions needed for a democratic election. They are :

- Everyone should have the right to vote and every vote should have equal value.
- Parties and candidates should be free to contest elections and they should offer some real choice to the voters.
- Elections must be held regularly .
- Candidates preferred by the people should be elected.
- Elections should be conducted in a free and fair manner.

**Question 2.** What is our system of elections?

**Solution:** Elections for the Lok sabha are held every 5 years. After five years the term of all the elected representatives comes to an end. The Lok Sabha stands 'dissolved'.

Elections for the Lok Sabha are held in all constituencies on the same day or within a few days. This is called a general election. Sometimes election is held only for one constituency to fill the vacancy caused by death or resignation of a member. This is called a by election.

**Question 3.** What are electoral constituencies?

**Solution:** India is divided into different areas for purposes of elections. These areas are called electoral constituencies. We follow an area based system of representation. The voters who live in a particular constituencies elect one person to represent their constituencies.

**Question 4.** What is the percentage of reservation for the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes in the Lok sabha?

**Solution:** In the Lok Sabha, 79 seats are reserved for the Scheduled Castes and 41 for the Scheduled Tribes. This number is proportionate to their population. This reservation does not lessen the legitimate share of any other social group.